Ward Profile and Analysis

Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward Profile



Analysis Report Created by the Corporate Improvement and Performance Team (CIP)

This report features an In Depth Demographic Analysis of Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe The report is broken down into categories based on Breckland Councils corporate priorities which are:

- Your Health and Wellbeing
- Your Opportunity
- Your Place
- Our Services

Corporate Priority - Your Health & Wellbeing

This section presents information about the community in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward. It covers the demographic information about the local population, and local health and socio-economic factors.

Residents

Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe has a resident population of $\underline{6,411}$ which represents $\underline{4.91\%}$ of the total Breckland resident population of $\underline{130,491}$.

Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe's resident population is 50.6% female and 49.4% male.

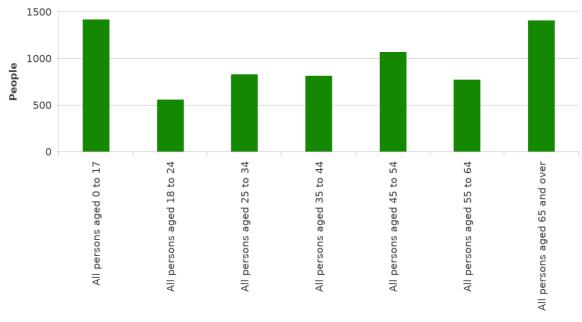


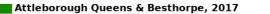
Age

The mean age of the Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward population is 39 years compared to a mean age of 43 years for residents in the whole of Breckland. The predominant age band in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward is Population, all persons aged 0 to 17 which represents 1,422 people of the population. The general overview in Breckland is that a significant part of the population is either approaching or in retirement age, increasing demand on supporting services and reducing the recruitment pool in the local economy.

Population (unrounded) by Age (Market research bands) (count) (Count) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe

source: Mid-year estimates





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Country of Birth

Residents by country of birth (%)

Percentage of usual residents whose country 91.8 of birth is: England Percentage of usual residents whose country 0.3 of birth is: Northern Ireland Percentage of usual residents whose country 1.1 of birth is: Scotland Percentage of usual residents whose country 0.5 of birth is: Wales Percentage of usual residents whose country 0.0 of birth is: United Kingdom not otherwise specified Percentage of usual residents whose country 0.4 of birth is: Ireland Percentage of usual residents whose country 1.3 of birth is: Other EU: Member countries in March 2001 Percentage of usual residents whose country 2.1 of birth is: Other EU: Accession countries April 2001 to March 2011 Percentage of usual residents whose country 2.5 of birth is: Other countries Powered by LG Inform Plus

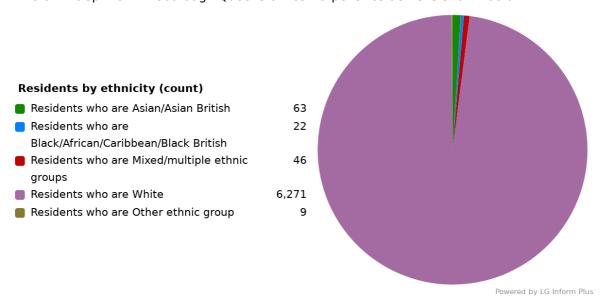
Ethnicity

The largest ethnic group is 'Number of usual residents who are White' with 97.8% of the Ward's population. That compares with a figure of 97.4% for the District as a whole, 96.5% for the Norfolk County and 90.8% for all of East of England.

The second largest ethnic group is 'Number of usual residents who are Asian/Asian British' with 1.0% of the Ward's population. That compares with 0.8% for the District as a whole, 4.8% for the Norfolk County and 7.8% for all of East of England.

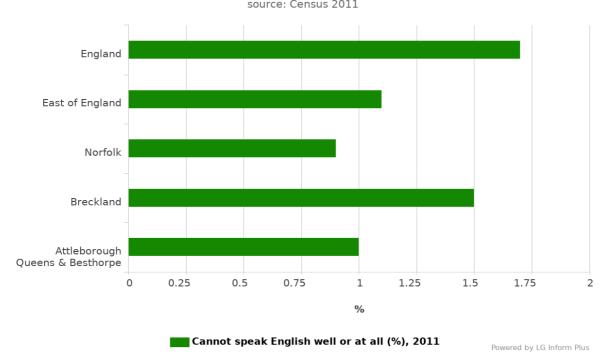


The ethnic split of Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe 's residents is shown below.



Percentage of residents who cannot speak English well or at all

Percentage of people who cannot speak English well or at all (%) (2011) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk, East of England and England source: Census 2011



Health

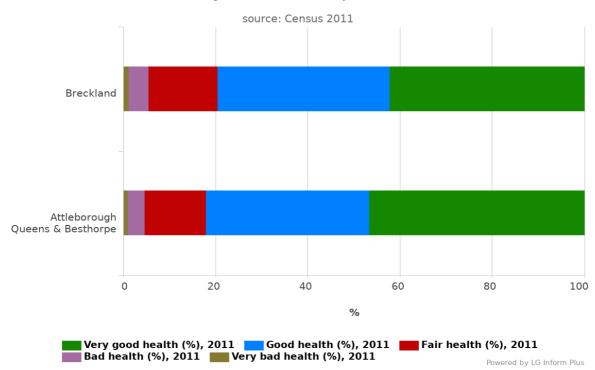
Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe has $\underline{235}$ (3.7%) residents that report being in bad health and $\underline{58}$ (0.9%) residents that report being in very bad health.



Its ranking for the number of residents in very bad health is 5 (out of 27 Wards) within Breckland.

This chart shows the percentage of people in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe ward who reported their general health as very good, good, fair, bad or very bad in the 2011 census. The percentage of people in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe reporting their health as bad or very bad is 4.6%, or $\underline{293}$ people. This includes $\underline{235}$ people who report their health as bad, and $\underline{58}$ people who report their health as very bad. This compares with 5.5% for the Breckland District, and 5.6% in Norfolk reporting their general health as bad or very bad.

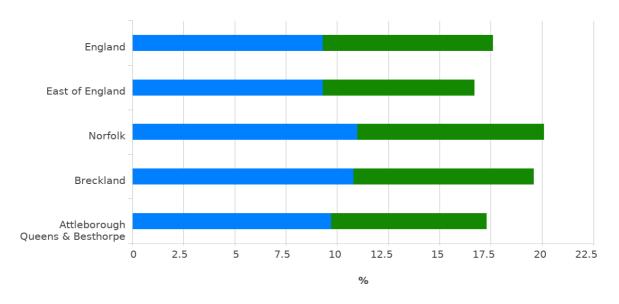
Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe and Breckland





This chart shows the percentage of people in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward who reported that their day to day activities are limited by a long term illness or disability. The percentage of people in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe reporting their day to day activities as limited a lot is 7.6% (488 people). In addition, 9.7% (619 people) reported that their activities were limited a little. This is 17.3 per cent of the population of Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe who say that their day to day activities are limited due to their health, affecting 1,107 people. This compares with 19.7% for the Breckland District reporting their day to day activities are limited a little or a lot by their health.

Percentage of usual residents whose - Day-to-day activities limited a little (%) (2011) and Percentage of usual residents whose - Day-to-day activities limited a lot (%) (2011) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpey Brecklands, Norfolk, East of England and England



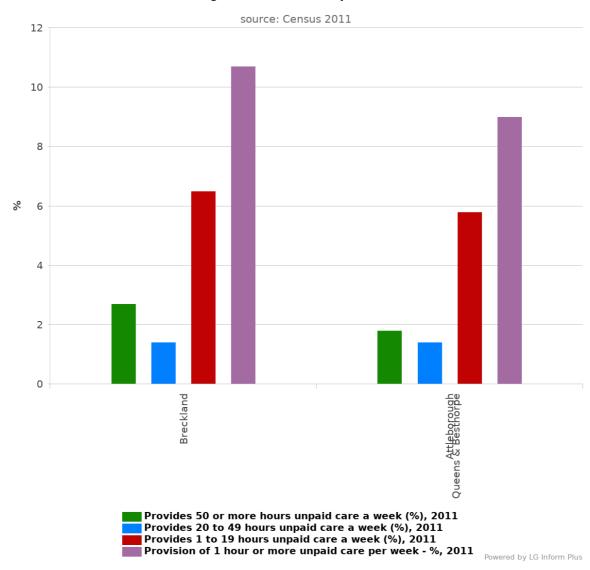
Percentage of usual residents whose - Day-to-day activities limited a lot, 2011
Percentage of usual residents whose - Day-to-day activities limited a little, 2011
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Care provision

The chart below shows the proportion of the residents in ward who provide care, compared with Breckland as a whole. Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe is ranked number 24 for percentage of population providing 1 or more hours of unpaid care per week in Breckland, with Ashill, Guiltcross ward having the highest percentage of residents providing unpaid care and Thetford Castle providing the lowest. This could be as a result of greater need for care or less access to paid care services.

Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe and Breckland



Children living in poverty

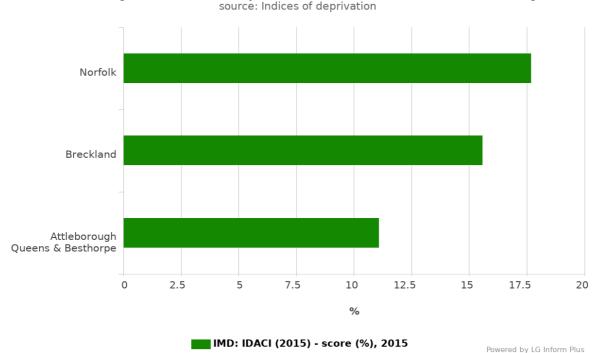
The next chart shows the percentage of children aged 0 - 15 living in families that are income deprived. That includes families in receipt of income support, income based jobseeker's allowance or pension credit, or those not in receipt of these benefits but in receipt of Child Tax Credit with an equivalised income (excluding housing benefits) below 60% of the national median before housing costs. The percentage of children



living in poverty in Breckland is 15.6%. Within Breckland this varies from 28.3% in Thetford Burrell to 7.2% in Guiltcross . This compares with 17.7% for Norfolk.

Percentage of children living in poverty

IMD - Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) (2015) - score (%) (%) (2015) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk, Norfolk and East of England



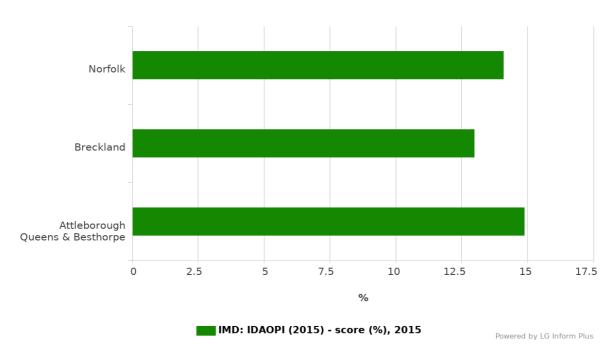
Older people living in poverty

The Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI) is a subset of the Income Deprivation Domain. This indicator shows the percentage of the population aged 60 and over who receive income support, income based job seekers allowance, pension credit or child tax credit. The percentage of older people living in poverty in Breckland is 13.0%. Within Breckland this varies from 21.0% in Thetford Burrell to 7.0% per cent in Harling & Heathlands. This compares with 14.1% for Norfolk.



Percentage of older people living in poverty

IMD - Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI) (2015) - score (%) (%) (2015) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk, East of England and source: Indingian deprivation



Corporate Priority - 'Your opportunity'

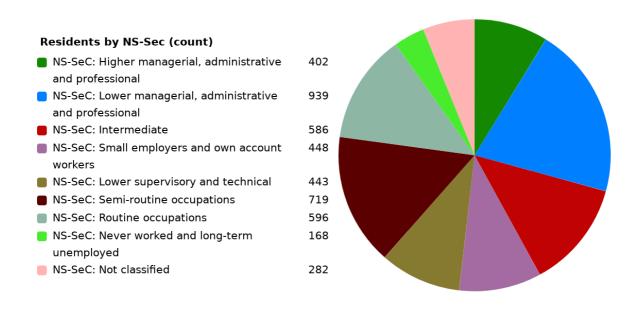
This section presents information about the local economy of Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward. It covers the information about the areas businesses, employment, skill levels and transport.



Employment

The following chart provides a breakdown of the Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward by socio-economic classification for all residents aged 16 – 74.

The National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SEC) provides an indication of socio-economic position based on occupation. It is an Office for National Statistics standard classification. To assign a person aged 16 to 74 to an NS-SEC category their occupation title is combined with information about their employment status, whether they are employed or self-employed, and whether or not they supervise other employees. Full-time students are recorded in the full-time students category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

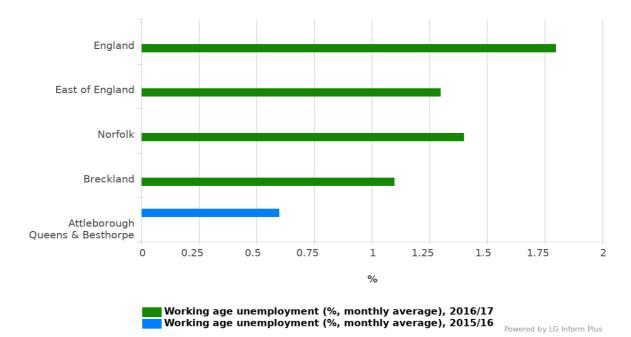


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The largest group is 'National Statistics Socio-Economic Classification - 2. Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations' representing 20.49% of the Ward's population.

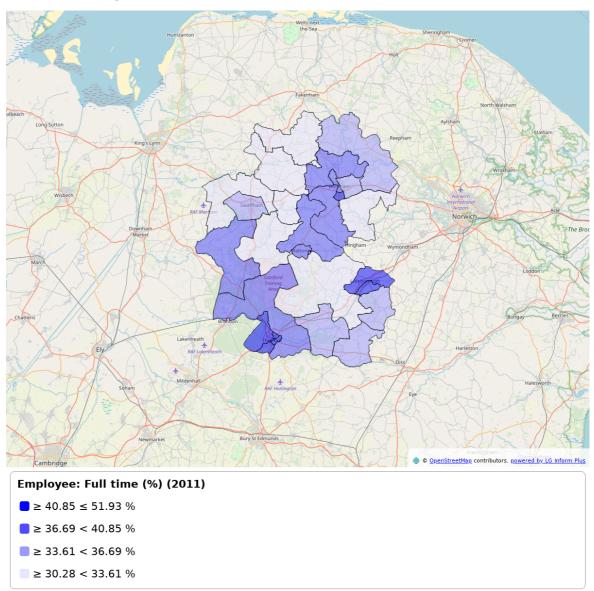


% of the working age population claiming out of work benefit (monthly average) (%) (from 2015/16 to 2016/17) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk, East of England আধি চিন্দুবি





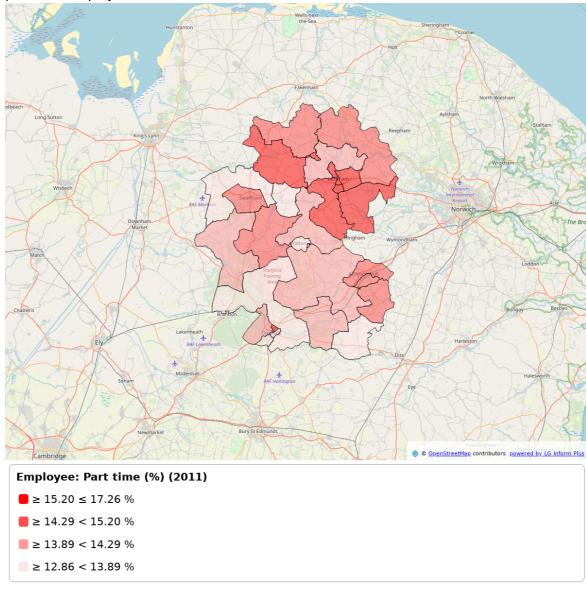
Full-time vs part-time contracts



The map above demonstrates the proportion of ward population full time employment across Breckland based on data from the 2011 Census. While not a perfect indicator of stable employment (full time work may well be fixed term or perminant), it is a proxy measure for the lifestyle of residents and the prevailing economic conditions within Breckland's wards. Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe is ranked number in 4 the district in terms of percent of population in full-time employment with 43.97%. Across Breckland, Thetford Castle has the highest proportion and Necton having the lowest.



However, the areas where the percentage of full time employment are low do not necessarily correspond with areas where the percentage of part time employment is high. Higher proportions of part time employees are, again, not an exact indicator of personal economic insecurity - residents may chose to work part time for childcare purposes, or be semi-retired. What this does show us is whether there is diverse employment within any given ward, where both full and part time employment are available. Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe is ranked number 10 in the district for percentage of residents in part time employment with 14.60. The wards with the highest and lowest proportion of residents in part time employment are Dereham Withburga and Thetford Castle respectively. The map below illustrates the proportional distribution of part time employment across Breckland.

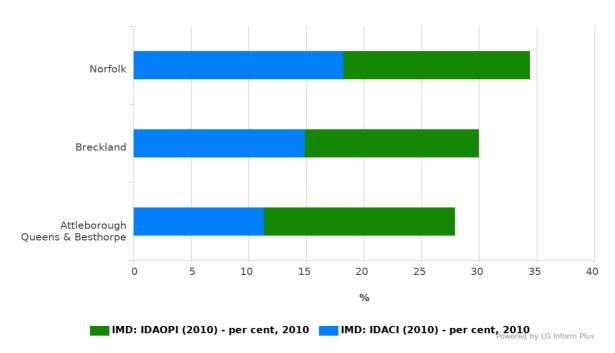




Indices of Deprivation

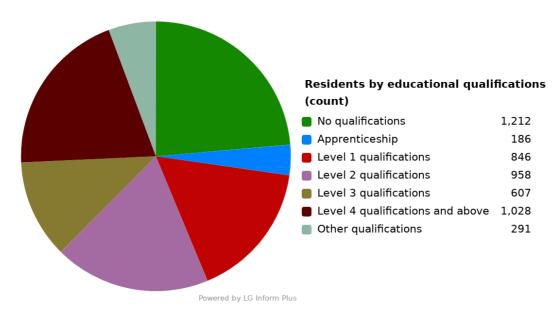
Deprivation covers a broad range of issues and refers to unmet needs caused by a lack of resources of all kinds, not just financial. The English Indices of Deprivation attempt to measure a broader concept of multiple deprivation, made up of several distinct dimensions, or domains, of deprivation. The chart below shows the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) relating to Income Deprivation Affecting Children (ICACI) and Income Depreivation Affecting Older People (IDAOPI) as a percentage. These two indices represent the proportion of children aged 0-15 living in income deprived households and the proportion of older people aged 60 and over living in income deprived households respectively.

IMD - Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI) (2010) - per cent (%) (2010) and IMD - Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI) (2010) - per cent (%) (2010) for Attleborough। Queens: & Besthorpe Breckland and Norfolk





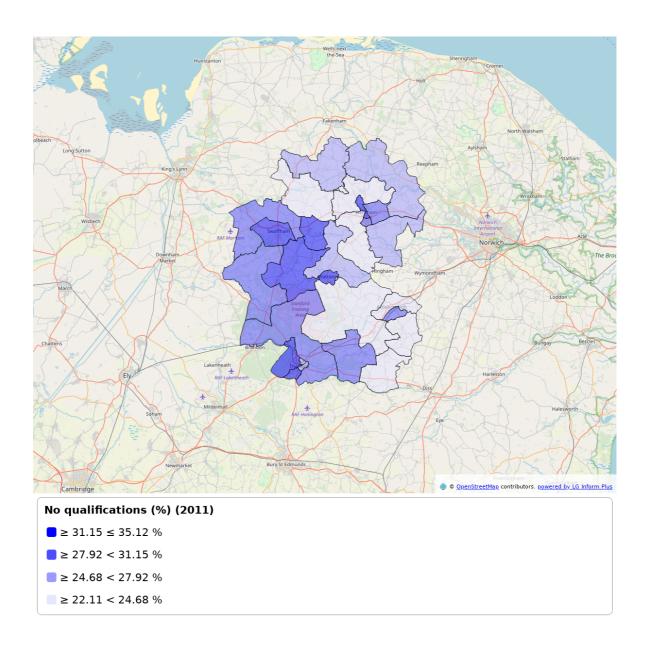
Education



20.05% of Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe 's residents have achieved level 4 qualifications and above compared to 25.70% in East of England as a whole and 23.63% of Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe 's residents have no qualifications compared to 22.50% in East of England .

The map below shows the areas which where there are high levels of people with no qualifications

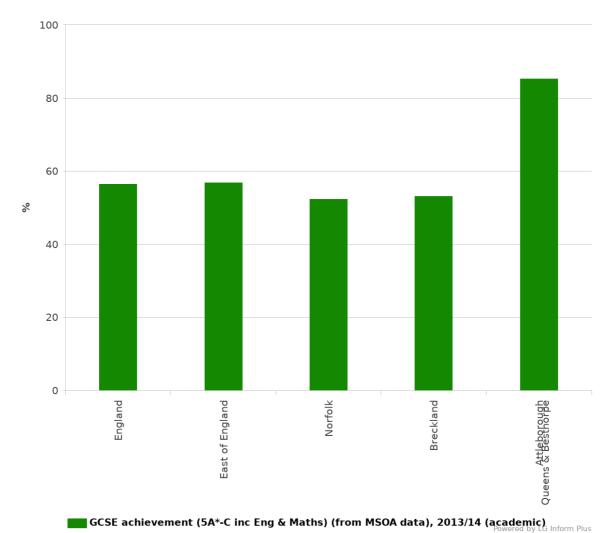






The percentage of children gaining 5 or more A* to C grades at GCSE (including English and Maths) in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe is 85.4%. This compares with 53.3% for Breckland, 57.0% for the East of England region, and 56.6% for England. Within Breckland, Shipdham-with-Scarning has the highest level of attainment at GCSE, with an attainment rate of 88.1 per cent. Ashill has the lowest level of attainment at GCSE, with an attainment rate of 18.0 per cent.

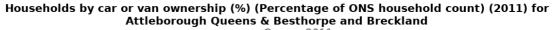
% of pupils achieving 5 or more GCSEs grades A*to C including English and Maths (sourced from MSOA level data) (%) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk, Eastrof: England

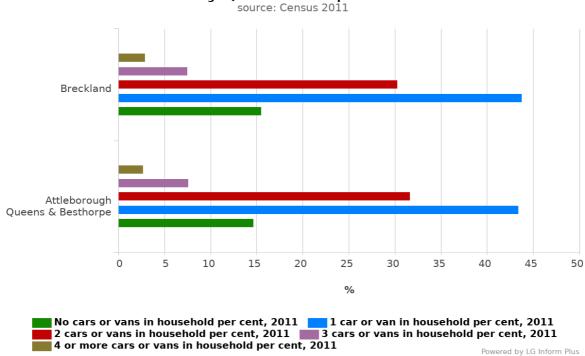




Transport

In a rural area such as Breckland, access to a vehicle can be important lifeline - while households in possession of several may be an approximate measure for relative affluence. Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe ward is ranked 7 among the wards of Breckland for car or van ownership, the chart below demonstrates the breakdown of cars owned in the ward and the average across the district:

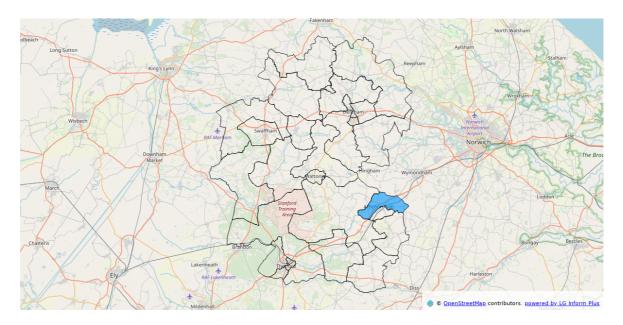




Corporate Priority - Your Place

This section presents information about the place that is Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward. It covers the geographical area, population density, housing analysis and the local environment.



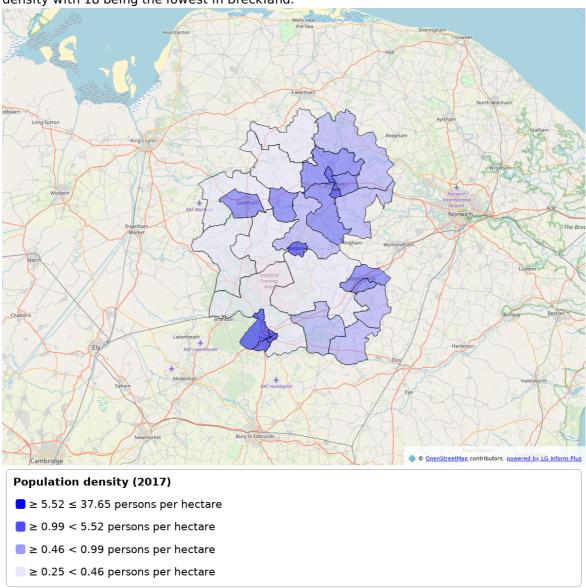


Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe is one of the 27 Wards of Breckland. It has an area of 1,975 hectares which represents 1.51% of the total area of Breckland District.



Population Density

Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward has an average of 3.25 persons per hectare, compared to an average 1.00 persons per hectare across the entire Breckland District. Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward is ranked 10 out of 27 in terms of population density with 18 being the lowest in Breckland.



The largest number of households lives in 'Number of all households - Owned with a mortgage or loan' accommodation with 38.2% of the Ward's households. That compares with 31.7% for the District as a whole, 29.7% for Norfolk County and 34.7% for the whole of East of England.

The second largest number of households lives in 'Percentage of all households - Owned with a mortgage or loan' accommodation with 30.3% of the Ward's households. That compares with 37.0% for the District as a whole, 37.2% for Norfolk County and 32.9% for the whole of East of England.



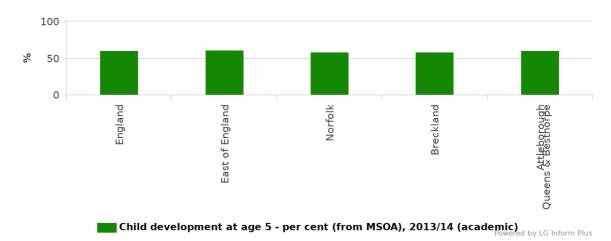
There are $\underline{1.9}\%$ of 'households rented from council or equivalent' with $\underline{11.7}\%$ of 'households rented from other social landlords'. That compares to an average for the District as a whole of $\underline{2.4}\%$ for Council rented properties and $\underline{11.4}\%$ for other social landlords.

Average household size in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward is 2.45 people per household, compared to 2.30 people per household in Breckland District. The Average number of bedrooms per household is no value, compared to 2.90 bedrooms per household in Breckland.

The Ward has <u>311</u> households with dependent children aged 0 to 4, representing 11.91% of the Ward's households. <u>861</u> households in the Ward have 'Dependent children in household: All ages', representing 32.96% of the Ward's households.

The percentage of children assessed as having a good level of development at the age of 5 in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe is 60.0%. This compares with 58.0% for Breckland, 60.9% for the East of England region, and 60.4% for England. Within Breckland, Thetford Priory has the highest proportion of children assessed as having a good level of development at age 5 at 88.1 per cent. Necton has the lowest level of children reaching a good level of development, with an attainment rate of 16.0 per cent.

% of pupils achieving a good level of development at age 5 (sourced from MSOA level data) (%) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk, East of England and sourcenighan dhealth



Heating and Overcrowding

The table below shows that 1.2% of households in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward have no central heating, compared to 1.9% across the Breckland District. 4.3% of households are overcrowded, compared to 4.3% in the rest of the District.

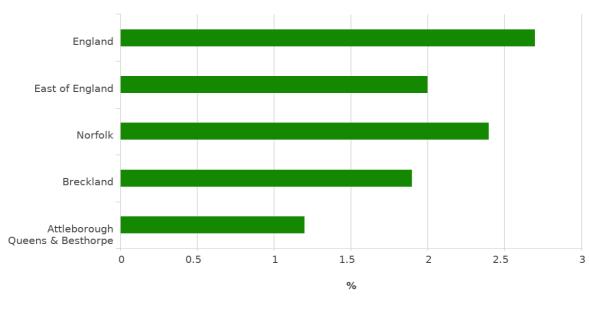
| | Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe | Breck- land | Nor- folk | East of England | Eng- land |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 |
| | % | % | % | % | % |



| | Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe | Breck- land | Nor- folk | East of England | Eng- land |
|--|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 | 2011 |
| | % | % | % | % | % |
| Households with no central heating - per cent | 1.2 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.7 |
| Overcrowded households (%) | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 8.7 |

Households with No Central Heating %

Household rooms and heating - Does not have central heating - percentage of ONS household count (%) (2011) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk, East ថា England England



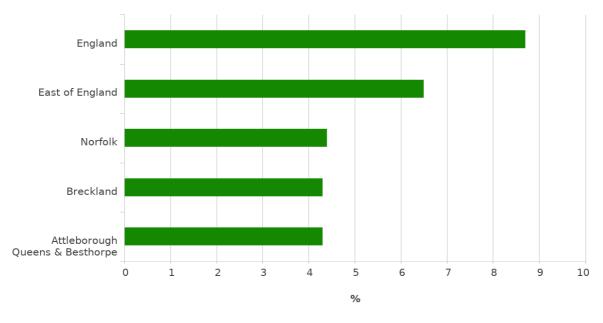


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Overcrowded Households %

Overcrowding - percentage of households with 1 or more rooms too few (%) (2011) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk, East of England and England source: Census 2011





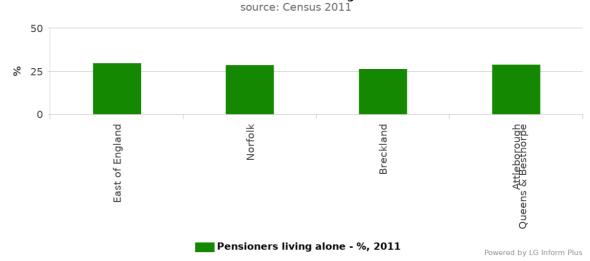
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Pensioners who live alone

Within Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe 29.2% of pensioners live alone, or 317 people. This compares with 26.5% for the Breckland, and 30.0% for the East of England. Within Breckland, All Saints & Wayland, Guiltcross has the lowest proportion of pensioners living alone at 20.4, 20.4 per cent. Dereham Withburga has the highest proportion at 35.1 per cent. In terms of actual numbers, Launditch has the lowest number of pensioners living alone at 130 and Swaffham the highest at 660.

% of pensioners who live alone (%) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland, Norfolk and East of England



Corporate Priority - Our Services

This section presents information about service provision, demand and accessibility in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe Ward. It covers information about the Council's expenditure, as well as levels of benefit claims and digital exclusion.



Benefit Claims

Of the 322 people claiming Job Seekers Allowance in Breckland for Jan 2019, Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe had <u>18</u> claimants, which means of the 27 wards in Breckland they are number 20 in the order of wards with the lowest JSA claimants. Lincoln ward had the lowest number of claimants with 3 people claiming and Thetford Priory had the highest number of claimants with 36 people in Jan 2019. Breckland as a whole is number 5 of 7 in terms of lowest claimant numbers for Jan 2019 within Norfolk.

JSA Claimant count, total claimants - rate (resident population aged 16-64) (%) (Mar 2019) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe, Breckland and Norfolk

Source: Jobseeker's Allowance

Norfolk

Breckland

Queens & Besthorpe

0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6

JSA claimants rate, Mar 2019

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Income deprivation

This is the % of people living in in low income families reliant on means tested benefits. It is the income domain score for the Indices of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) 2015 and is a measure of deprivation in the area. The difference in deprivation between areas is a major determinant of inequality in the UK. Many studies and analyses have demonstrated the association of increasingly poor health with increasing deprivation. For instance, all cause mortality, smoking prevalence, self-reported long standing illness are all correlated with deprivation. If deprivation inequalities decrease, health inequalities are likely to decrease also and can help reduce pressure on some council services.

The % of people living in low income families in Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe is {ERROR: Please specify a metric type} . Within Breckland it totals {ERROR: Please specify a metric type} and varies throughout the district from {ERROR: Please specify a metric type} people in no value to no value people in no value.

IMD - Income Deprivation (2015) - score (%) (%) for Attleborough Queens & Besthorpe and Breckland

source: Indices of deprivation 12.5 10 7.5 % 2.5 Ω ■ IMD: Income Deprivation (2015) - score (%), 2015

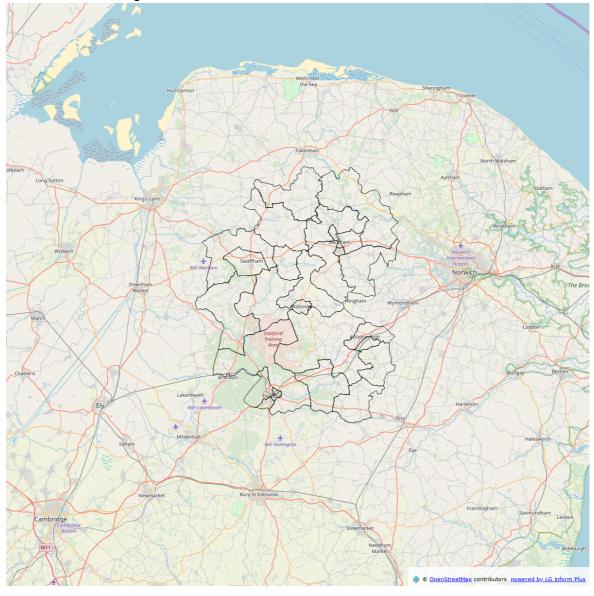


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Barriers to Housing and Services

Barriers to Housing and Services consists of two sub-domains: 1) 'geographical barriers' which measures accessibility of shops, GPs, schools and Post Offices and 2) 'wider barriers' which includes issues relating to access to affordable housing.

The map shows deprivation by rank (1 - 32,482) with the higher ranks indicating areas that are less deprived and the lower ranks showing the more deprived areas in relation to barriers to housing and services.





Digital Exclusion

Digital exclusion is the exclusion from accessing goods and services online, it is strongly linked to those with low income and poor health and causes further disadvantage.

The barriers around digital exclusion include:

Connectivity - access to the internet.

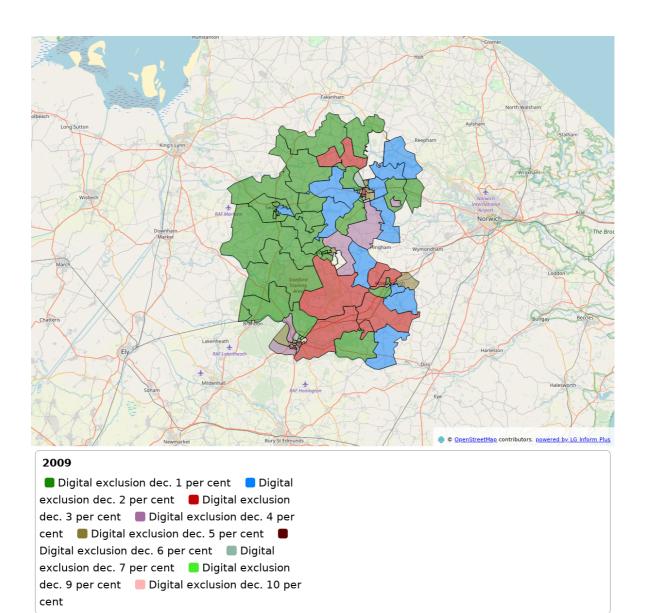
Accessibility - meeting all users' needs, including those dependent on assistive technology.

Digital skills - ability to use computers and the internet.

Digital inclusion is about reducing exclusion, making sure that people are able to use the internet in order to access services that can benefit them day to day – this is vital for both individuals and organisations.

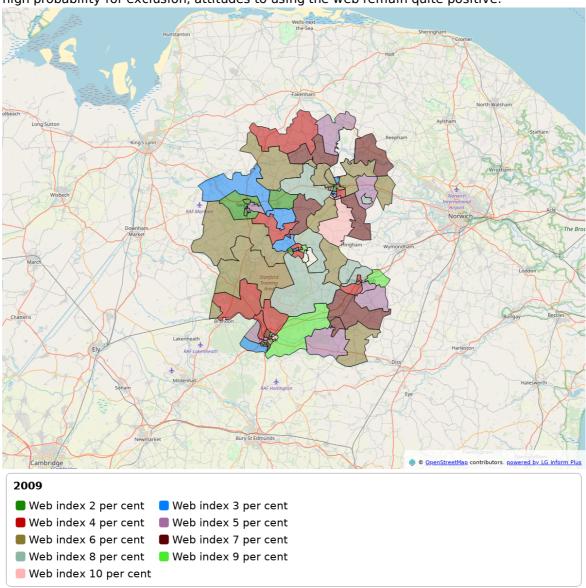
The map below shows the likelihood of digital exclusion within the district, with decile 1 meaning there is a high probability for digital exclusion and decile 10 showing a low probability.







As a comparison, this map shows the attitude to using the web ranked 1-10 with the most negative attitudes rated as 1. Looking at the two maps, you can see that despite a high probability for exclusion, attitudes to using the web remain quite positive.



References

This report was generated using data from:

<u>Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government; Indices of deprivation</u>
<u>Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government; Next Generation Access data</u>

Nomis; Jobseeker's Allowance

Office for National Statistics; Census 2011

Office for National Statistics; Mid-year estimates

Public Health England; Local Health

